

Quantitative residue-specific protein backbone torsion angle dynamics from concerted measurement of 3J couplings

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SUPPORTING INFORMATION

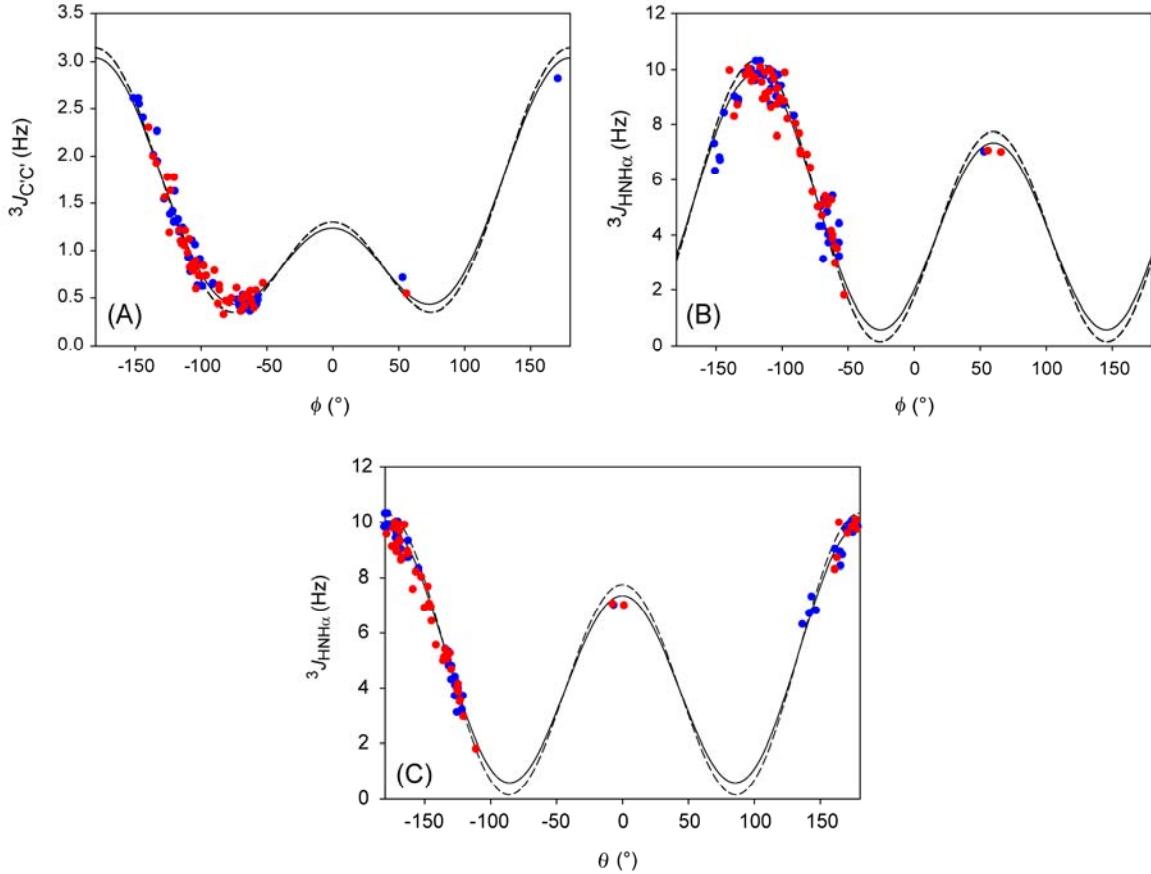
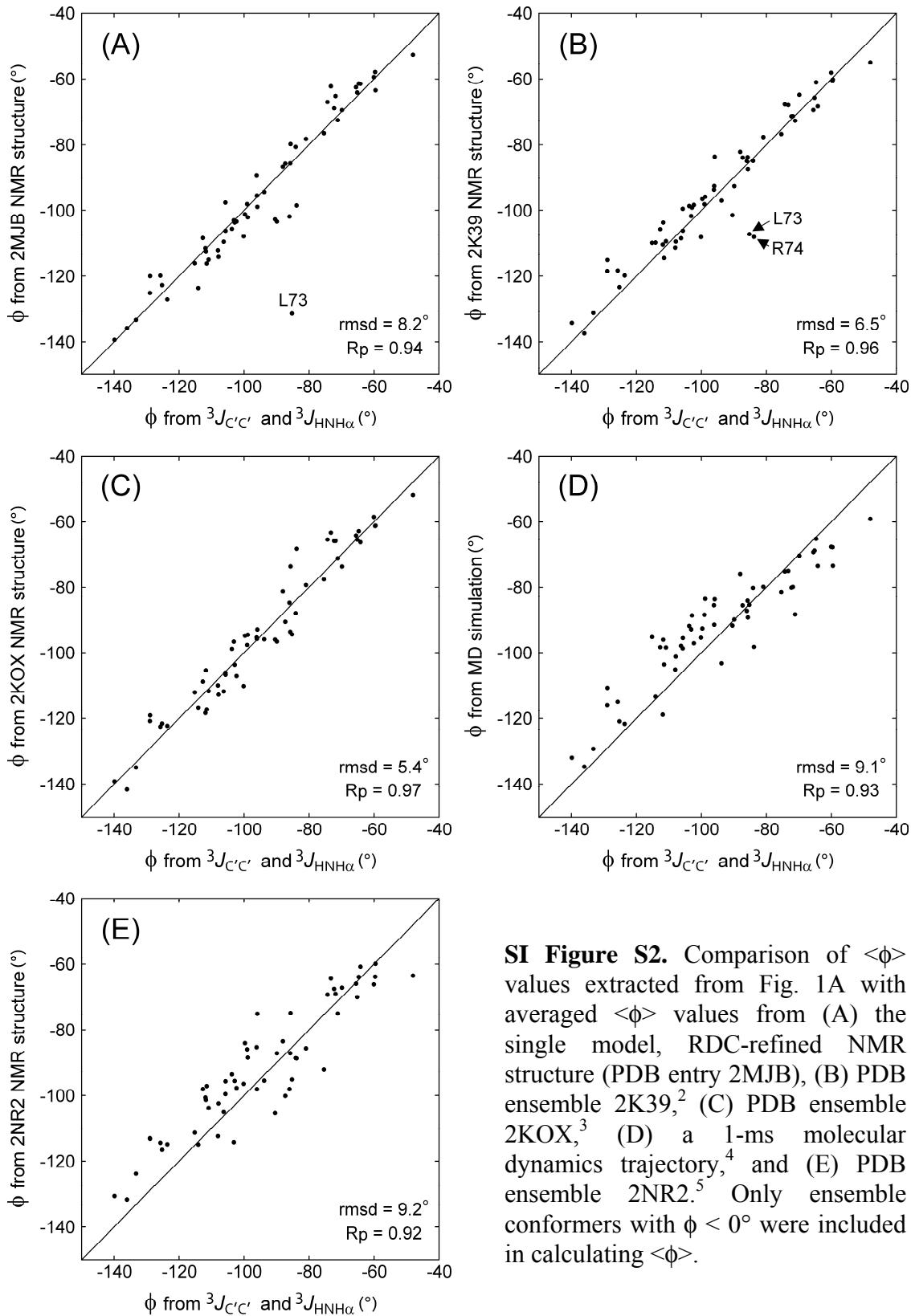
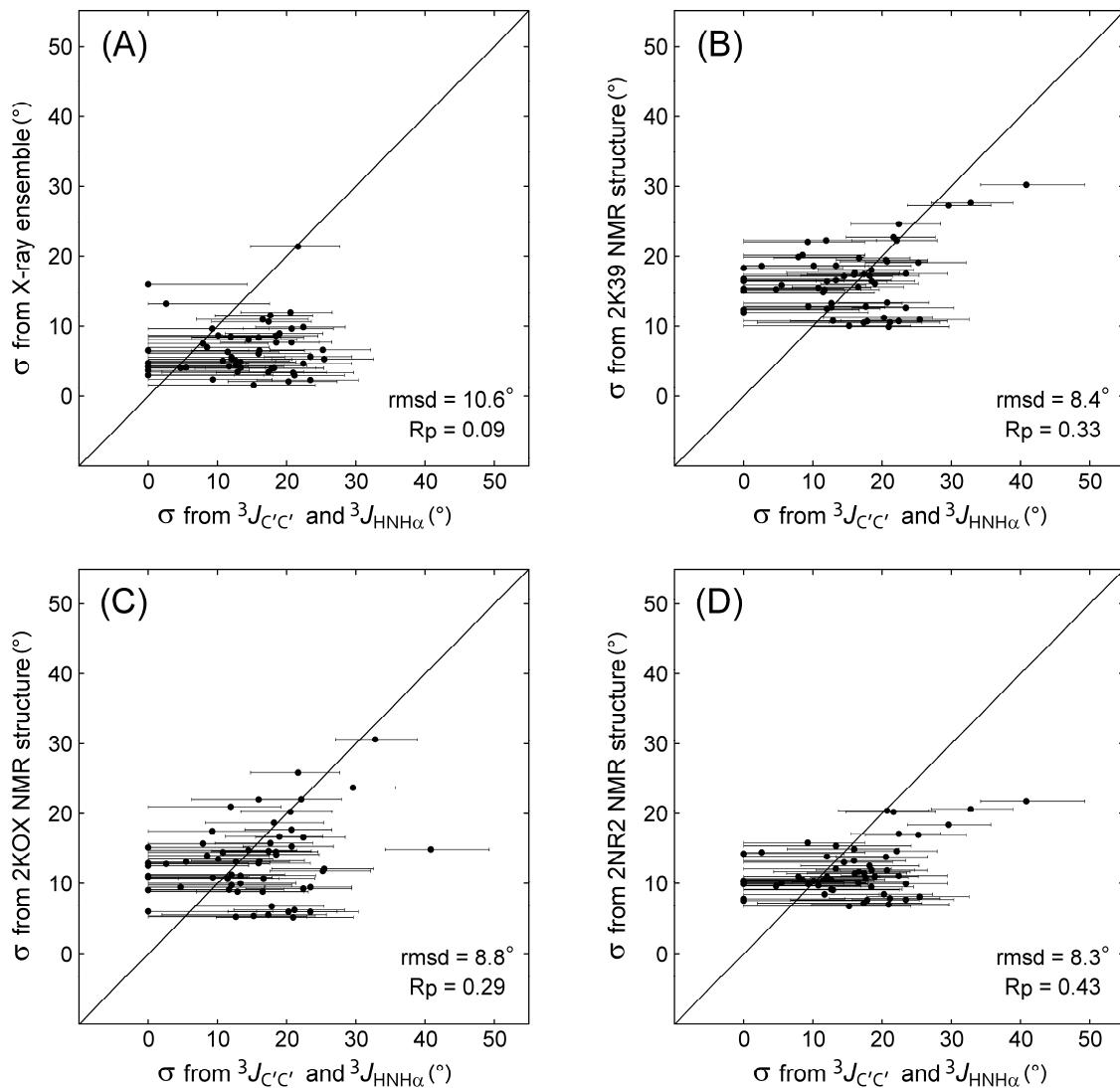


Figure S1. Plots of experimental (A) $^3J_{CC}$ and (B) $^3J_{HNH\alpha}$ values against the backbone torsion angle ϕ , superimposed on the best-fit Karplus equations $^3J_{CC} = 1.61 \times \cos^2\phi - 0.93 \times \cos\phi + 0.55$ and $^3J_{HNH\alpha} = 7.97 \times \cos^2(\phi-60) - 1.26 \times \cos(\phi - 60) + 0.63$ (solid lines). The dashed lines represent the Karplus curve after factoring out the effect of motion, c.f. eq 2 ($\sigma = 0.226$), and correspond to the coefficients listed in Table 1, main text. Blue data points correspond to ϕ angles extracted from the RDC-refined GB3 structure (refined without $^3J_{CC}$ and $^3J_{HNH\alpha}$ data¹); red data points correspond to the RDC-refined ubiquitin structure (PDB entry 2MJB). Residues with elevated backbone dynamics (L12, D40, and G41 for GB3; T7-K11, D32-G35, A46, G47, D52, and V70-G76 for ubiquitin) are excluded from the plots. (C) Plot of $^3J_{HNH\alpha}$ values measured for GB3 (blue) and ubiquitin (red) against the H-N-C $^\alpha$ -H $^\alpha$ dihedral angle, θ (Note: $\theta \approx \phi - 60^\circ$). The solid and dashed line represent the best-fit and dynamics-factored-out ($\sigma = 0.226$) Karplus curves, respectively. The rmsd values between observed and best-fitted $^3J_{HNH\alpha}$ values are 0.34 and 0.69 Hz for GB3 when using H-N-C $^\alpha$ -H $^\alpha$ dihedral angle (θ) and torsion angle ($\phi - 60^\circ$), respectively, and the corresponding values are 0.43 and 0.61 Hz for ubiquitin.



SI Figure S2. Comparison of $\langle \phi \rangle$ values extracted from Fig. 1A with averaged $\langle \phi \rangle$ values from (A) the single model, RDC-refined NMR structure (PDB entry 2MJB), (B) PDB ensemble 2K39,² (C) PDB ensemble 2KOX,³ (D) a 1-ms molecular dynamics trajectory,⁴ and (E) PDB ensemble 2NR2.⁵ Only ensemble conformers with $\phi < 0^{\circ}$ were included in calculating $\langle \phi \rangle$.



SI Figure S3. Comparison of σ values extracted from Fig. 1A with ϕ standard deviations in various ubiquitin ensembles: (A) a set of 15 high-resolution ($\leq 1.8 \text{ \AA}$) X-ray structures, listed in the SI of Maltsev et al.⁶; (B) PDB entry 2K39,² (C) PDB entry 2KOX,³ (D) PDB entry 2NR2.⁵ Only ensemble conformers with $\phi < 0^\circ$ were included for calculating σ .

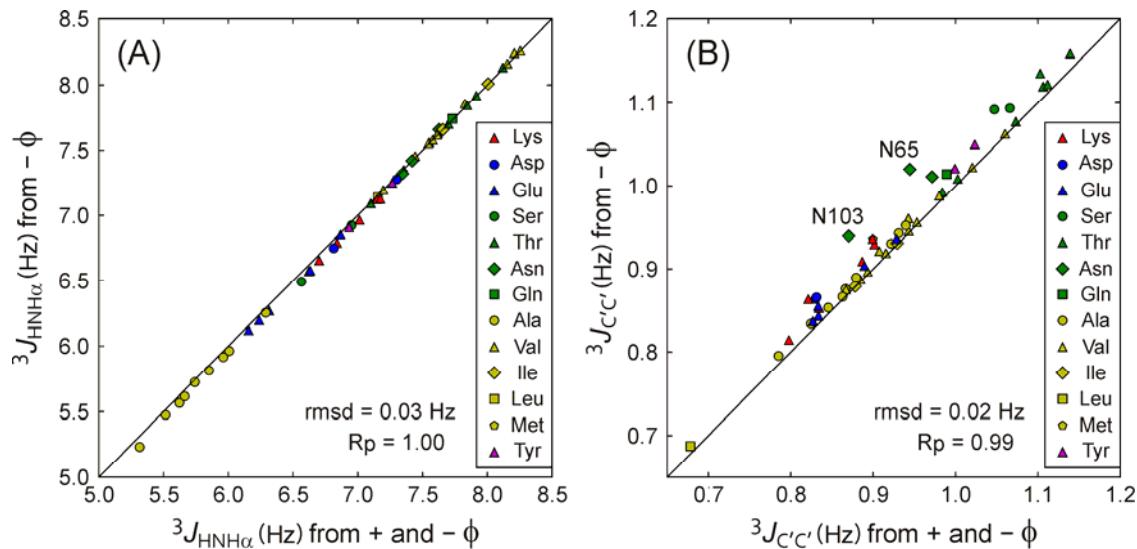


Figure S4. Effect of ignoring conformers with positive ϕ angles on calculated 3J couplings for the α -synuclein ensemble derived by Mantsyzov et al.⁸ (A) ${}^3J_{\text{HNH}\alpha}$ and (B) ${}^3J_{\text{C}'\text{C}'}$ values calculated using only conformers with negative ϕ angles (y axis) versus values calculated for all conformers. The Karplus curve parameterization of Table 1 ($\sigma=0^\circ$) was used for each individual conformer.

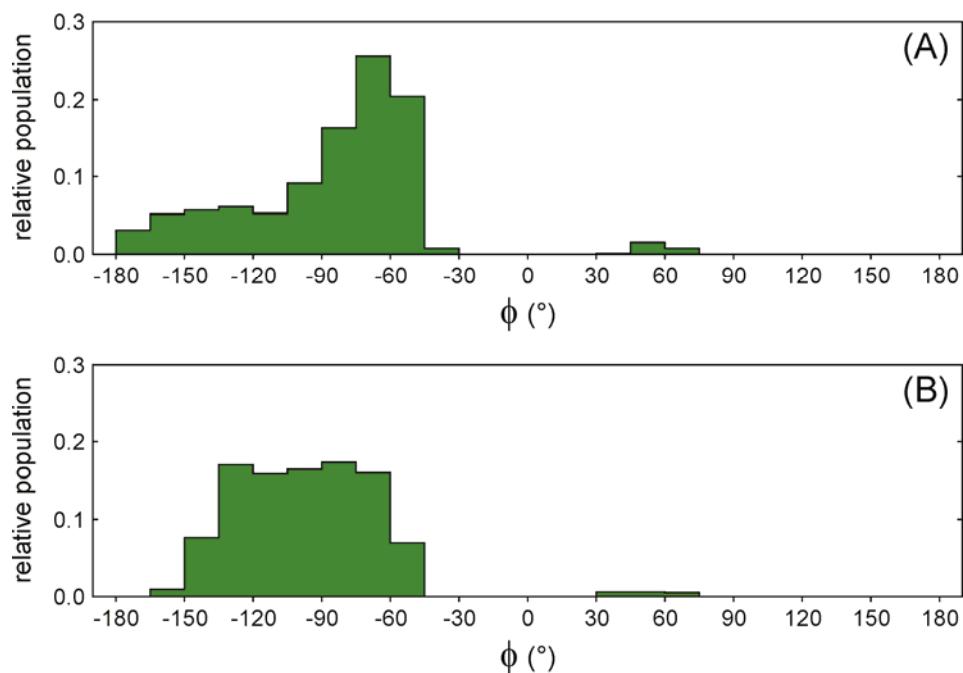


Figure S5. Backbone ϕ angle distribution sampled by (A) 9 Ala and (B) 11 Val residues of α -synuclein for which a complete set of NMR data was available to derive ϕ/ψ distributions by means of a maximum entropy approach.⁸

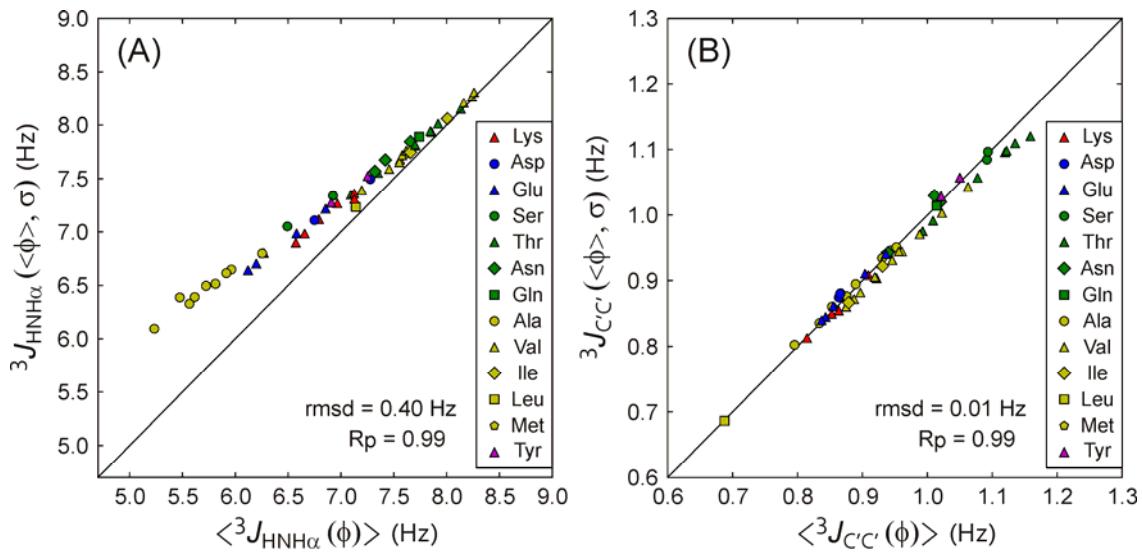


Figure S6. Impact of the Gaussian distribution approximation on predicted ${}^3J_{\text{HNH}\alpha}$ and ${}^3J_{\text{C'C'}}$ couplings in α -synuclein. For each residue in the α -synuclein ensemble of Mantsyzov et al.,⁸ the x-axis corresponds to the (A) ${}^3J_{\text{HNH}\alpha}$ and (B) ${}^3J_{\text{C'C'}}$ coupling, calculated as the weighted average over $\phi < 0^\circ$ conformers, using the Karplus parameters of Table 1 ($\sigma=0^\circ$). The y-axis corresponds to the values calculated using ${}^3J = A' \cos^2 \theta + B' \cos \theta + C'$, with A' , B' , and C' given by eq 2, where σ is calculated from the ensemble of Mantsyzov et al. while taking only conformers with $\phi < 0^\circ$ into account when deriving $\langle \phi \rangle$ and the standard deviation, σ . For ${}^3J_{\text{HNH}\alpha}$, $\theta = \phi - 60^\circ$ is used.

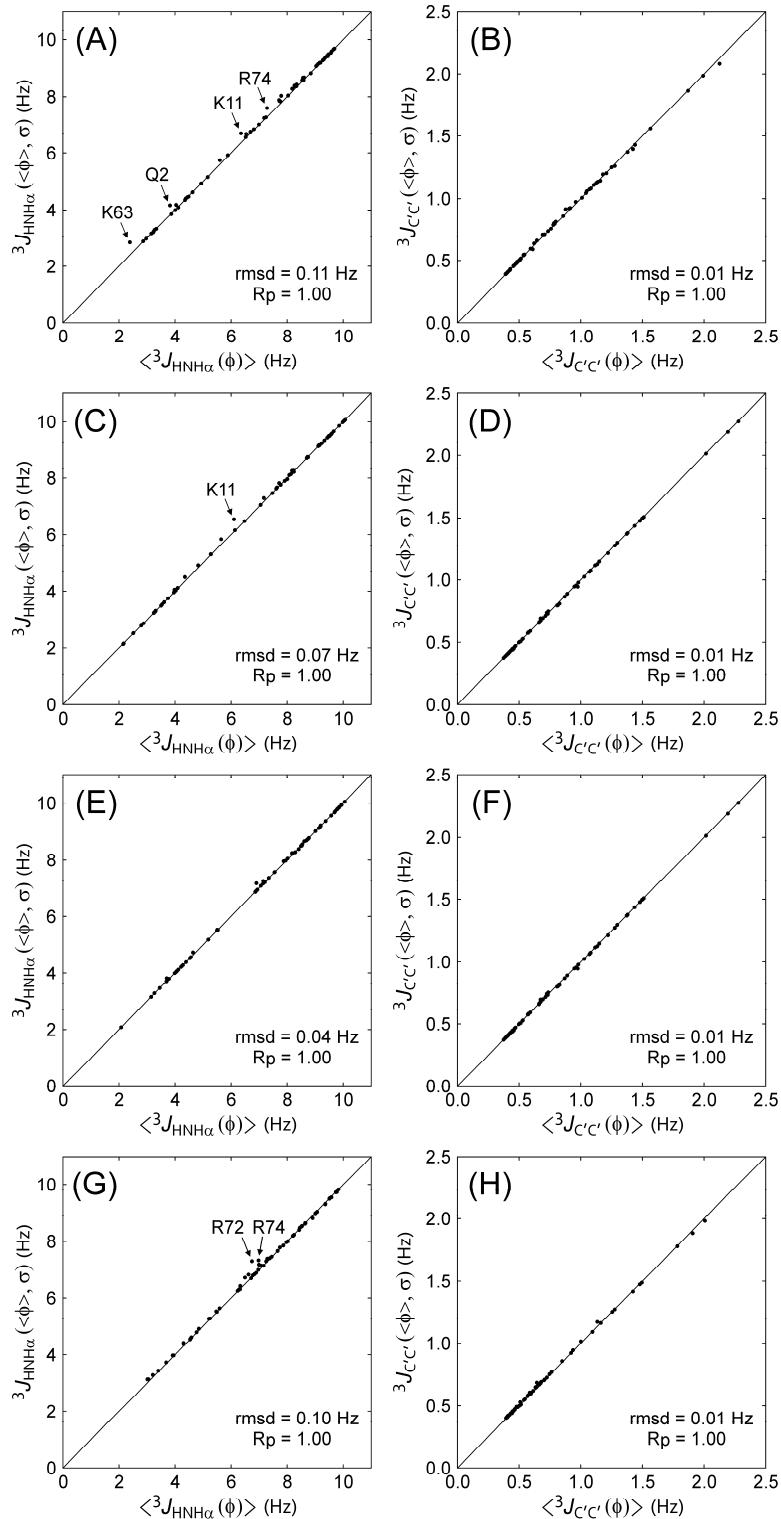


Figure S7. Impact of the Gaussian distribution approximation on predicted ${}^3J_{\text{HNH}\alpha}$ and ${}^3J_{\text{CC}'}$ couplings in ubiquitin. The correlation plots for ${}^3J_{\text{HNH}\alpha}$ and ${}^3J_{\text{CC}'}$ couplings, as described in the legend of Fig. S6, are shown for (A, B) PDB entry 2K39,² (C, D) PDB entry 2KOX,³ (E, F) PDB entry 2NR2,⁵ and (G, H) a 1-ms molecular dynamics trajectory.⁴

Table S1. σ and $\langle\phi\rangle$ values derived from experimental ${}^3J_{CC}$ and ${}^3J_{HNH\alpha}$ values.^a

Ubiquitin ^b	$\langle\phi\rangle$ (°)	σ (°)	σ lower bound (°)	σ upper bound (°)
Q2	-96	18	10	24
I3	-133	22	14	29
F4	-114	12	0	20
V5	-129	12	0	21
K6	-102	18	11	25
T7	-99	12	0	19
L8	-65	3	0	18
T9	-96	0	0	14
K11	-86	22	15	28
T12	-111	14	0	21
I13	-113	9	0	17
T14	-103	10	0	18
L15	-124	13	0	21
E16	-106	0	0	15
V17	-140	0	0	0
E18	-115	8	0	17
D21	-71	25	18	33
T22	-88	0	0	15
N25	-72	18	7	25
V26	-73	23	16	30
K27	-65	15	0	24
A28	-66	17	2	26
K29	-72	21	12	28
I30	-74	20	12	27
Q31	-60	21	10	30
D32	-60	13	0	23
K33	-86	17	7	23
E34	-111	23	17	29
I36	-87	21	14	27
D39	-70	5	0	18
Q40	-100	11	0	18
Q41	-90	16	6	22
R42	-125	16	0	23
L43	-106	16	6	23
I44	-129	5	0	17
F45	-136	25	18	32
A46	41	16	0	32
K48	-112	22	16	28
Q49	-81	13	0	20
L50	-86	19	11	25
E51	-96	21	14	27

R54	-103	9	0	17
T55	-104	0	0	14
L56	-60	0	0	18
D58	-64	13	0	22
Y59	-99	11	0	19
N60	59	18	0	25
I61	-84	12	0	20
Q62	-108	21	13	27
K63	-48	13	0	24
S65	-75	18	8	25
T66	-112	9	0	18
L67	-106	0	0	15
H68	-108	18	10	25
L69	-100	17	9	24
V70	-126	17	4	24
L71	-90	22	16	28
R72	-94	33	27	39
L73	-85	30	24	36
R74	-84	41	34	49

GB3 ^c	<φ> (°)	σ (°)	σ lower bound (°)	σ upper bound (°)
Y3	-117	13	0	21
K4	-117	13	0	21
L5	-116	16	4	23
V6	-107	2	0	15
I7	-103	0	0	14
N8	-112	9	0	18
K10	-72	13	0	22
T11	-115	0	0	15
L12	-106	32	26	38
K13	-123	12	0	20
E15	-145	11	0	21
T16	-155	21	12	28
T17	-135	17	3	25
T18	-155	24	16	31
K19	-105	12	0	19
A20	-152	15	0	23
A23	-61	0	0	18
E24	-65	12	0	21
K28	-64	10	0	21
A29	-70	20	11	28
F30	-71	11	0	20
K31	-66	9	0	20

Q32	-74	21	12	28
Y33	-59	16	0	25
A34	-63	14	0	23
N35	-62	17	0	26
V39	-108	20	12	26
D40	-143	15	0	23
V42	-96	7	0	16
W43	-103	19	12	25
T44	-134	20	10	27
Y45	-141	12	0	21
D46	-115	13	0	21
D47	-67	0	0	17
A48	-67	10	0	20
T49	-108	0	0	15
K50	44	7	0	25
T51	-126	0	0	16
F52	-100	0	0	14
T53	-120	15	0	22
V54	-119	11	0	19
T55	-118	12	0	20

^a (³J_{CC'}, ³J_{HNH_α}) values that lie outside $\sigma = 0$ in Fig. 1 were set to $\sigma = 0$.

^b ³J_{CC'} values are measured with ¹³C/¹⁵N-enriched ubiquitin sample at pH 6.6, 298 K and 500 MHz ¹H frequency. ³J_{HNH_α} values are from Maltsev et al.⁶

^c ³J_{CC'} values are from Li et al.¹; ³J_{HNH_α} values are from Vogeli et al.⁷

Table S2. $^3J_{CC}$ and $^3J_{HNH\alpha}$ couplings in α -synuclein, together with σ and $\langle\phi\rangle$ values derived using the graphic analysis of Fig. 3.^a

	$\langle\phi\rangle$ (°)	σ (°)	σ lower bound (°)	σ upper bound (°)	$^3J_{CC}$ (Hz)	$^3J_{HNH\alpha}$ (Hz)
D2					0.80	
V3	-91	25	21	29	0.76	7.25
F4	-89	24	19	28	0.71	7.13
M5	-92	28	24	32	0.83	7.13
K6	-82	29	24	34	0.72	6.11
G7					0.66	
L8	-88	24	19	28	0.70	7.01
S9	-87	32	27	36	0.83	6.53
A17	-76	33	27	38	0.75	5.45
A18	-73	34	29	41	0.76	5.22
A19	-74	32	26	38	0.72	5.28
E20	-81	26	21	31	0.66	6.13
K21	-86	29	24	33	0.76	6.53
T22	-91	29	25	33	0.83	6.99
V26	-92	29	25	33	0.86	7.12
A27	-77	30	24	35	0.70	5.58
G31					0.71	
K32	-91	30	25	34	0.85	7.01
V37	-95	27	23	31	0.86	7.50
L38	-89	25	20	29	0.73	7.04
Y39	-98	30	26	34	0.97	7.47
V40	-106	30	26	33	1.15	8.01
G41					0.83	
A53	-79	30	25	35	0.72	5.79
A56	-77	31	26	36	0.73	5.61
E57	-82	29	24	33	0.71	6.15
K58	-87	31	27	36	0.83	6.57
T59	-91	28	24	33	0.82	7.01
N65	-98	29	26	33	0.96	7.51
V66	-96	30	26	34	0.92	7.34
G67					0.75	
A69	-79	30	25	35	0.72	5.83
V70	-95	27	22	31	0.86	7.53
V71	-106	28	24	32	1.11	8.15
T72	-101	30	26	33	1.02	7.70
T75	-98	28	24	32	0.94	7.62
A76	-80	33	28	39	0.80	5.87
V77	-96	29	25	33	0.92	7.45
A78	-77	30	25	36	0.71	5.62
Q79	-89	30	25	34	0.82	6.79

K80	-89	31	27	35	0.84	6.71
T81	-97	29	25	33	0.93	7.52
V82	-99	29	25	33	0.97	7.65
E83	-83	31	26	36	0.77	6.19
G84					0.80	
A85	-77	30	25	35	0.70	5.64
G86					0.72	
S87	-92	33	29	38	0.93	6.82
I88	-95	28	24	32	0.89	7.46
F94	-93	33	29	37	0.93	6.92
D98	-86	26	21	31	0.72	6.72
Q99	-94	30	25	34	0.89	7.23
L100	-87	25	21	30	0.71	6.80
G101					0.70	
K102	-91	32	28	37	0.90	6.83
N103	-93	29	25	33	0.87	7.20
G106					0.77	
Q109	-92	31	27	35	0.89	6.94
E110	-87	32	27	36	0.83	6.52
D115	-90	30	25	34	0.83	6.85
V118	-98	28	24	32	0.95	7.68
E123	-85	27	23	32	0.73	6.55
A124	-83	30	25	35	0.76	6.23
S129	-90	34	30	39	0.92	6.65
Y133	-92	34	30	39	0.95	6.77
Q134	-104	33	30	37	1.14	7.55
E139	-86	26	22	31	0.72	6.71

^a Derived from $^3J_{CC}$ values, measured for a $^{13}\text{C}/^{15}\text{N}$ -enriched α -synuclein sample at pH 6.0, 288 K and 600 MHz ^1H frequency. $^3J_{\text{HNH}\alpha}$ values are from Mantsyzov et al.⁸

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